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HONOLULU, H. I. TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1896.—SEMI WEEKLY.

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Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

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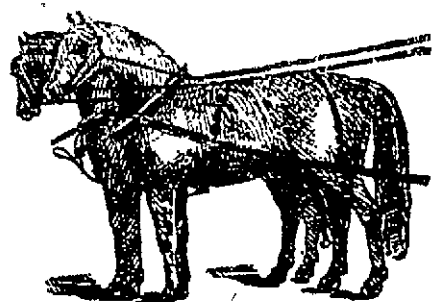
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WANT TO DISCUSS IT.

Attempt to Head Off Opium

Bill Fails.

WATERHOUSE MAKES A STAND.

Baldwin, Schmidt, Northrup and Rice

Say They Oppose the Measure—Report

on Great Seal of the Republic.

Legislative Business Booms Along.

MONDAY, Feb. 24.

If the lower House copies after the

Senate in despatching the measures

brought before it, the first regular

session of the Legislature of the Re-

public will be a short one.

The Senate began business at the

usual hour Monday morning. Senator

Baldwin was on hand, which leaves

Kaibane as the only member yet to

arrive.

Chairman Rice of the Printing

Committee presented the appropri-

ation bills for current accounts and

salaries and pay rolls, Minister King's

bill for the revision of the Land Act

and the bill referring to the biennial

period.

Senator Brown from the committee

on rules submitted the recommendation

to do away with the engrossing

of bills and provide typewritten copies.

Report on Fall Road.

The Fall road commission present-

ed its report as follows:

"We have carefully examined the

Nuuanu Fall with reference to the

construction of a new wagon road.

"On the South side the gentle slope

into Nuuanu valley presents no dif-

ficulties. On the North side there is

a very steep rocky slope. Here a line

of road with a grade of 13 1/2 per cent

was located by W. R. Lawrence in

1882. This location runs through the

lowest pass with a cut of 13 feet at the

summit.

"A line was located by W. W. Bruner

in 1889 with a grade of 8 per cent,

and construction was begun on this

line the same year. In place of a

steep grade in the old road approach-

ing the Fall from the South side,

about one fourth of a mile of new

road was built on a grade of 6 per

cent, also about 400 feet over the

summit and at the beginning of the

descent on the North side. These two

pieces of road are now part of the

traveled road. On the same location

a length of 4000 feet was constructed

at the lower end of the grade. This

portion has not been used. Both of

these lines and the present road are

shown on the accompanying map.

"The accompanying profile across

the Fall shows a possible tunnel. Its

value is not commensurate with its

cost. The grade of the tunnel shown

here passes 200 feet below the summit

of the gap. The summit of the grade

is 90 feet higher, or only 110 feet

lower than the gap. The Northern

portal of the tunnel would be on a

very steep slope, along which the

grade would be continued.

"A tunnel as shown would shorten

the road nearly half a mile. It would,

however, be an objectionable feature

for a wagon road. Its cost would be

about \$70,000, while the cost of the

rest of the road would be reduced

comparatively little thereby. Taking

into consideration the nature of the

traffic and the topography, as well as

the grades and the condition of the

roads leading to the Fall, we think

that a grade of 8 per cent. is a suitable

one, and that the line located by Mr.

Bruner presents the most economic

location of the road. The fact that

the road has been partly constructed

This report was turned over to the

Printing Committee.

Attorney General Smith reported

for the commission to revise and re-

codify the penal laws. Mr. Smith

read the report of the commissioners

who with the consent of the Execu-

tive had had the report, as made by

Judge Foster, printed in order to place

it in proper form before the Legisla-

ture. The necessity of a revision in

the penal code was pointed out by

Mr. Smith. The report was referred

to the Joint Judiciary Committee.

Brown's Opium Bill.

Senator Brown was on hand with

his opium bill and read it through for

the information of the Senators. The

bill provides not only for the licensing

of opium but also the licensing of

opium dens, of which there shall not

be more than four in Honolulu.

Senator Baldwin moved that the

bill be referred to the Printing Com-

mittee.

Senator Waterhouse said he could

not let it go to the committee without

a protest. He said the majority of

the Senate were present and they

might as well put themselves on rec-

ord now as later. Following out this

idea he moved that the bill be re-

jected. Seconded by Senator Rice.

Mr. Baldwin said he thought the

bill should meet with the full vote of

the Senate. He was personally op-

posed to licensing opium, but it was

an important problem and many peo-

ple had changed their opinions in re-

cent years. It was a difficult ques-

tion to meet. There was undoubtedly

a large amount of opium smuggled

and a full discussion of the bill

could do no harm.

Senator Schmidt seconded Mr.

Baldwin's motion.

Senator Waterhouse called for the

ayes and noes. He said: "We might

well come to an understanding on

this matter at once."

Senator Wright thought Mr. Water-

house was trying to force matters.

He seconded Mr. Baldwin's motion.

Senator Brown said he had voted

against opium up to 1880. He found

that the drug was being smuggled

into the country and since that time

he had favored a license. He repre-

sented a constituency and they had

asked him to introduce the measure.

There should be an opportunity for

discussion.

Senator Baldwin said that in mak-

ing his motion, he wished it distinct-

ly understood that he did not favor

the bill. There were many Senators

who had not formed an opinion for or

against. It is impossible for the Sen-

ators to draw opinions from one read-

ing. "Senator Waterhouse's mind is

made up. My mind is made up; but

there are those who wish for a discus-

sion, and I am for letting them have

it."

Attorney General Smith urged that

Senator Waterhouse withdraw his

motion to reject.

Senator Waterhouse said the ques-

tion could be settled then and there.

The people were becoming agitated

over the subject and there was no

cause for it. "A bill of this kind can

be decided here and now."

Senator Hocking thought the ones

who were on the fence should have

an opportunity to think.

Senator Schmidt stated that on gen-

eral principles he opposed licensing

opium, but he wished to have the

matter discussed.

Senator McCandless wanted to

know if Mr. Waterhouse was afraid

of his constituents.

"No sir, Mac, I am voting for the

best interests of the country," inter-

rupted Waterhouse.

Mr. Northrup said he was against

the bill but hoped for a free discus-

sion.

The call for the

IN THE LEGISLATURE.

An Able Speech by Minister Damon

BUT LITTLE WORK IN HOUSE.

Minister King will Present a Bill. The Committee Work Preparing for the Next Week's Labors—No Session to be Held Today.

FRIDAY, Feb. 21.

The Senate opened at the usual hour, with Senators Baldwin and Kaubane absent.

After the reading of the minutes the Secretary read a communication from the House stating that A. G. M. Robertson had been appointed on the joint committee to wait upon the President. The standing committees of the House were also announced.

Senator Brown reported from the Committee on Rules, giving notice of a recommendation of changes effecting the engrossing and printing of bills.

Senator Brown reported from the Special Joint Committee that the President had been notified of the assembling of the Legislature.

A resolution placing the hour of meeting at 10 a. m. was passed.

Under suspension of the rules Minister Damon presented two appropriation bills—one for salaries and pay-rolls, the other for current accounts. In introducing the bills Minister Damon spoke as follows:

"In presenting these bills I would say that the public has taken so large an interest in the financial outlook of the country for the past two years, I think a new status may possibly be made in which the Minister of Finance should come before the fund disposing portion of the Legislature and make a statement of what his prospects are for the coming two years, somewhat more general, perhaps, than could be made in the report which has been made to the President.

"The first bill which I have presented to you today is a bill covering salaries and pay-rolls, which has been prepared and translated in proper form. There is a bill that has already passed the Executive covering current expenditure, which is in the hands of the translator. I was disappointed that it was not ready to present to you today.

"Following these two bills there is a bill providing further loans for the coming two years. You are all well aware that our surplus which we had at the beginning of the last year was very heavily drawn upon by reason of the insurrection and the cholera epidemic, thus making our expenses last year very large. We have expended some thing like two millions of dollars, and it has been a very heavy drain upon the country and its resources.

Avoid Delay in Paying Bills.

"This bill that I present for your consideration this morning in connection with the appropriation bills is to allow the Minister of Finance to make arrangements with or deal with the banks or the capitalists during the month, or at the end of the month, or at such times as the treasury and its resources, for various reasons, shall have been somewhat reduced, so that he may take the drafts or the orders of the Ministers of the different departments and place them with a bank or banks, and receive advances on them until such time as the treasury is in a position to take them up. It may be a month, may be only a week, or perhaps only a day or two, the bank or banks being allowed the usual interest at 6 per cent. This gives the Executive and the Minister of Finance a broader opportunity to meet the demands upon the treasury without any unnecessary delay. I hope that the treasury at some day not far distant will have such a reserve on hand that it will not be necessary to call for this means of securing loans, but this is a privilege which every civilized nation has taken advantage of, and the interest that our own citizens are taking in our welfare I think will be a means of sustaining and also of increasing our credit.

What the Act Calls For.

"The proposed Act covering salaries and pay-rolls calls for two years ending December 31, 1897, \$1,938,734, which, together with the Act appropriating \$1,663,937 63 for the general expenses of the Republic, shows a total estimated expenditure of \$3,602,671 63, an increase of appropriations over the previous biennial period of \$71,544 63.

"Taking as a guide the receipts of the current revenue for the past two years, \$3,439,056 44, it shows that \$164,615 19 ought to be provided, though I apprehend \$200,000 would be a safer provision, for unlooked-for outlays will, from past experience, arise.

"To meet this an increase of revenue is sought from the customs of

From the taxes levied by a charge of duty of assess-

ment

From the working of the new

Licenses Act

From revenue of Government

bonds a portion of which

were formerly under the

crowd

A more careful interpretation

of the Stamp Act would

show an increase of

Government realizations

Water rates and postal service

Legacy tax

Total estimated increase of

revenues..... \$240,000

"From these estimates and from these appropriations which from present unforeseen causes may not be expended, I hope for a surplus on December 31, 1897, of \$40,000.

"The anticipated revenue arising from the proposed change in the dates of assessment and collection of taxes will not take effect until 1897, and for nearly the same cause, though its adoption would be more gradual, the increased revenues for licenses will not be made in 1896.

"To meet the calls of the treasury during the interval, the act to further provide for the payment of current accounts is asked for, to bridge over the interval should the Executive find it necessary. This act is fixed for the duration of two years and it is not apprehended that more than \$150,000 will be required at any one time, and this will be repaid from current revenue at any time when funds from that source are in hand.

Dealing with Loan Funds.

"The statement that I have made brings us now to the point where we leave the current revenue. I think it has been a very happy method of handling the finances of this country that the different Ministers in past times have endeavored to separate the current funds from the loan funds, so that as much as possible we may confine our expenses to general expenses of the Government, so that if we expend loan funds or current funds there shall be for that expenditure something in return; there shall be something coming back, something that if we are asked what has a certain sum been expended for, there will be something to show for it. If the books of the Government should be kept, and as we hope they will be kept some day, where we have an account so that our land resources, our public buildings, our school funds, etc., can show everything that has been expended for each, this will certainly show an advance in the interests of the country.

To Consolidate the Loan.

"We leave now the current account and in a very few words I wish to state what the proposition of the Executive is with reference to our bonded loan fund account. The present debt of the country is something over \$3,000,000. These bonds show interest varying from 12 per cent. down to 5 per cent. There are a few of the bonds bearing interest at 12 per cent. I think only \$15,000 belong to the Board of Education, others bearing interest at 7 per cent., a great majority at 6 per cent., and a few at 5 per cent. The proposition of the Executive is to ask the Legislature to pass an act allowing the Minister of Finance at such time as he may think prudent to consolidate the present bonded debt. Whether this is done partially here and partially in a foreign government, or entirely here or entirely in a foreign government remains with the future development.

"I have sent a copy of the act which I originally drafted, to London for consideration and to obtain their views. I have secured the advice of men who were interested in loan matters and the draft was prepared after thoroughly reviewing the subject; the draft was then submitted to counsel and redrafted and submitted to the Executive who allow it now to come before the Legislature.

"I was advised that it would not be wise for the Government to cite in the original draft just what each expenditure would be for but that should come in a following act which will be presented to you. I have stated the proposal with reference to the present bonded indebtedness and another act will be submitted for your consideration dealing with the subject of future loans.

New Loan Act.

"It is the intention of the Executive to propose that a highway shall be placed in the Kona district, also a wharf here and at Hilo and new highways near Hilo and that the other islands shall receive due consideration, that school buildings shall be erected and it may be necessary that some new public buildings should be erected. They will come under what is known as the New Loan Act. The proposal is that this act shall not specify so many thousands for this and so many thousands for that, but it shall be a general loan act, from which this Legislature if it chooses could draw one or two thousand dollars for anything that might come under the act. The only statements therein that are compulsory are that it shall be devoted to public improvements, education and immigration; that the Legislature at each session shall name how much money has to be devoted to each particular purpose and in this way it will have many advantages over the previous loan acts. We have now more than \$20,000 remaining under the old loan act, but which is unavailable because it is not known how much should go to each separate thing. The money is tied up and is unavailable for many purposes. This act is also followed by an act limiting the powers of the Minister of Finance in making his arrangements with those who choose to take our bonds and with syndicates who propose to take them in large amounts.

"There are many points of issue I could talk about, but I do not care to take up the time of the House and I do not care to tire them too much on this subject. It is a new departure on the part of a Minister to make a public statement of this nature and I consider it better to limit my statement to what we actually propose to do. This will all be brought out in the nature of a new license act, and the tax law and other measures which will be taken and be explained to this Senate in the future.

Confidence in the Country.

"For myself personally I have been connected with this office for nearly three years and from the number in which the public have subscribed for our bonds here in our own community I have been highly gratified. Up to the present time from our own resources here in these islands there has been subscribed something over \$540,000 for our own bonds and when a community will have faith in any government, a government whose resources are somewhat limited and where they see every thing that is going on in connection

with the Government, and will come forward and subscribe for over a half-million in bonds, it has given me a great deal of encouragement to continue in the handling of the finances and if we continue in the conservative manner in which we have acted for the last three years with the continuously increasing improvements, I am certain that it is only a matter of a short time until our indebtedness will be largely decreased, for we are now showing steady advance.

"At present the Postal Savings Bank is only receiving 5 per cent. for the bonds deposited there. This one principal reason to which I feel we are indebted for having been able to bear our heavy expenses so well, is that the taxation has been so wisely divided and that we receive it from so many sources. I hope that this coming Legislature will consider very carefully the proposition which is brought before it and adjust a little more carefully the direct taxation, that it may be placed on those who are better able to bear more taxation and who, from various causes in the past, have not had to bear their share in carrying the burden of the Government.

Under suspension of the rules the bill introduced by Mr. Damon was read the first time by title.

Minister Smith gave notice of a bill regarding the biennial fiscal period. Under suspension of the rules the bill was read by title.

Minister King gave notice of a bill relating to the land act.

On motion of the Attorney General the rules were suspended and the bill read by title. The bill took the regular course.

On motion of Senator Waterhouse, seconded by McCandless, the President's message was read and ordered printed in both languages.

Senator Brown moved that the nominations of the President be approved as a whole. Senator McCandless called attention to the fact that under the rules the Senate was obliged to go into executive session. Senator Brown held that an executive session was not necessarily a secret session, and I believe the less secret sessions we have the better."

The Senate finally went into executive session.

Senator Waterhouse moved that action be taken in open session. Senator McCandless continued his objections and moved an amendment to go into secret session. Seconded by Hocking.

Senator Waterhouse, in support of his motion, said that he hoped secret sessions would be entirely done away with. He believed every action of every Senator should be open and above board. "I don't believe in star chamber methods. Our constituents should know just what we are doing."

Senator McCandless' amendment was lost, the original motion carried and the various nominations confirmed separately. The nominations confirmed, each by a unanimous vote, were as follows: H. E. Cooper, to be Minister of Foreign Affairs; Walter F. Fear, to be First Associate Justice of the Supreme Court; W. A. Whiting, to be Second Associate Justice of the Supreme Court; A. W. Carter, to be First Judge of the Circuit Court of the First Circuit; Antoine Perry, to be Second Judge of the same; F. M. Hatch, to be E. E. and M. P. to Washington; Frank P. Hastings, to be Charge d'Affaires at Washington; R. P. Rithet, to be Hawaiian Consul to British Columbia; James Macfarlane, to be Hawaiian Consul at Auckland; W. G. Neill, to be Hawaiian Consul at Dunedin; Strall Hopkins, to be Hawaiian Consul at London; J. W. Macfarlane, to be Vice-Consul to British Columbia; H. P. Benton, to be Vice and Deputy Consul at Rome. No further business coming up for consideration the Senate adjourned at 10 o'clock Monday morning.

House of Representatives.

Minister King and Attorney-General Smith were present at yesterday morning's session.

Minister King gave notice of his intention to introduce an Act to authorize the Minister of the Interior to make a certain class of leases, amending chapter 44 of the laws of 1876.

After reading of the Act by title a discussion arose as to the advisability of having copies of acts introduced, type written or mimeographed instead of printed.

Minister Smith was against any such action and thought that money would be saved in the end by having such matter printed.

The motion of Rep. McBryde to instruct the secretary to furnish each member with a copy of the laws passed at the last session, was carried unanimously.

At 10 30 a. m. House adjourned until 10 a. m. Monday.

Human Happiness.

The problems of physical health are identical with the problems of human happiness. While a poorly nourished and diseased body does not always indicate an unhappy mind, it is a fact that "the fat are jolly," and that rich blood promotes good spirits.

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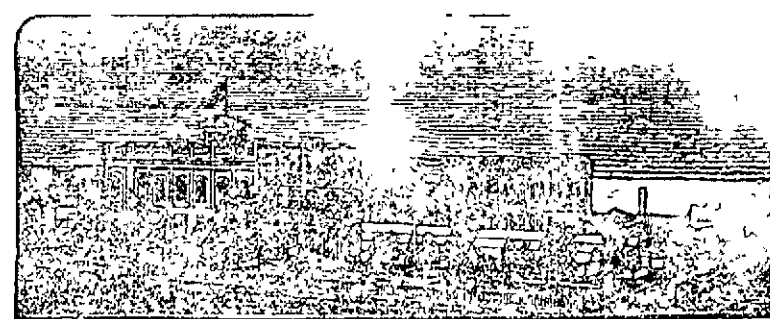
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FOR TWO INSPECTORS.

Teachers of Kauai Forward Their Petition.

SPIRITED ASSOCIATION MEETING.

Large Gathering and Sharp Discussion—Papers Full of Instructive and Interesting Material—Officers Elected—Names of Petitioners.

KAPAA (Kauai), Feb. 19.—A deferred meeting of the Kauai Teachers' Association was held at the Government school, Lihue, Kauai, January 30th, 31st, and February 1st. The teachers were out in full force, presumably owing to the fact that each had received a notice from the secretary elect, J. B. Alexander, that, "among other subjects of importance to be discussed, is the question of the inspector-generalship."

The meeting was called to order at 2 p.m. Thursday, January 30th, President J. K. Burkett in the chair. The afternoon was devoted to regular routine work, the reports of the standing committees, of which the most important was the adoption of a constitution and by-laws as formulated by Messrs. H. Z. Austin, W. I. Wells and T. H. Gibson, the election and installation of officers for the ensuing year etc. The following officers were installed:

President, W. I. Wells; first vice-president, Augusta Bruce; second vice-president, John Bush, secretary and treasurer, J. B. Alexander.

Mr. Austin, in a few appropriate remarks, offered a tribute of affection and respect to Alatau T. Atkinson, the former Inspector-General of Schools, and suggested the propriety of a resolution embodying an expression of the sentiments of the association, to be forwarded to that gentleman, which was done by a unanimous vote.

The second day the proceedings were of a far more interesting nature. At the request of President W. I. Wells, who wielded the gavel, the teachers settled down to business promptly at 10 a.m., and, with a brief intermission for lunch, were hard at it until 6 p.m., this proving to be the most spirited session held in the history of the organization. After the consideration of some unfinished business of minor importance, the regular program of the association was the order of the day. It consisted of twelve numbers, all of more or less interest. The most noticeable of the papers read were the following: "The Need of Enthusiasm or Esprit de Corps among Teachers," by Mrs. Helen W. Kelsey, first assistant at Hanamaulu.

This was an able paper, well rendered and well received, and places its fair young authoress in the front rank as a thoughtful, progressive, up-to-date teacher. The association, by a unanimous vote, requested Mrs. Kelsey to hand it in for publication. Mrs. Ella L. Austin, first assistant at Kapaa, read a very instructive paper entitled "Primary Geography." "School Discipline," by Mr. J. C. Davis, principal of Hanalei, was well received and was requested for publication. "Inductive and Deductive Methods of Teaching" was a scholarly effort by John Bush of Kilauea. Owing to the unavoidable absence from the room, on committee work, of a number of teachers during the reading of this paper, it was read a second time at the Saturday morning session, by special request, and was ordered published. "Summer Schools for Teachers," by H. Z. Austin, principal of Kapaa School, was in that gentleman's crisp and caustic style, and elicited some little discussion and sharp criticism from a few of the teachers present, but was ably defended by the author, who was requested to hand it in for publication. But by far the most interesting feature of the day was the paper entitled "Supervision of the Schools of the Republic," by the president, W. I. Wells, principal of Hanamaulu school.

This called forth the most spirited, heated and lengthy debate of the entire session, which was finally terminated by a privileged motion that the Chair appoint a committee of three to draft a petition to the Board of Education requesting that body to divide the work of the Inspector-General and appoint another inspector, the committee to report as speedily as possible. The motion was promptly seconded and carried by an overwhelming majority, J. B.

Alexander of Lihue and J. C. Davis of Hanalei dissenting. The last-named gentleman called for a division of the house and asked that his vote be entered of record on the minutes of the meeting which was done.

The Chair appointed H. Z. Austin, Augusta Bruce and B. Brightwell, such committee, who, after a brief interval in the committee room, returned and reported the following petition, which was adopted and ordered forwarded to the honorable Board of Education.

To the Honorable the Board of Education, Honolulu, H. I.
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—We the undersigned members of the Kauai Teachers' Association and citizens of Kauai, H. I., respectfully submit:

That in our opinion a complete inspection of the schools of this Republic is impossible by any one inspector, however capable he may be. That the time has arrived when the work should be divided, and two inspectors appointed.

We therefore petition your honorable body to so divide the work and appoint another inspector.

We would most respectfully submit the name of J. K. Burkett, one of our oldest, most capable and practical teachers, who has the entire confidence of all who know him, and one who is eminently fitted for the position of Inspector of Schools.

And for this we will forever pray.

Signed: W. I. Wells, John Bush, H. Z. Austin, T. H. Gibson, B. Brightwell, W. H. Neal, Lucy Aukai, Ella L. Austin, May R. Weir, Mrs. R. Weir, Diederich Prigge, Anna Thronas, Emma Hart, Helen W. Kelsey, C. D. Pringle, Augusta Bruce, T. Brandt, Ada Gibson, Emma A. Smith, Mabel Lampman, John D. Neal, Jessie Abraham, John Tom, S. G. O. King, Fr. Riedel, George Mundon, R. C. Spalding, George H. Fairchild, G. N. Wilcox, A. S. Wilcox, C. B. Hofgard, Grace M. Sharp, Otto Isenberg, E. Kruse, E. E. Conant, A. Robinson, H. P. Faye, H. Morrison, E. S. Goodhue, J. K. Farley, M. A. Rezo, M. M. Lihue, Jacob Kala, George Goodaere, Louis Kahlbaum, Anton Cropp, Edward Strehz, Henrietta R. Nsai, G. E. Miller, W. T. Lucas, C. H. Bishop, H. D. Wishard, J. K. Hauike, John Coney, Dr. D. St. G. Walters.

COMPANY B WINS AGAIN.

Defeats the Sharpshooters Team. Sergeant Elvin Falls Back.

Company B has still another victory to add to its list, and this time it happens to be the defeat of the second team of the Sharpshooters in their return match at the Sharpshooters' range Saturday afternoon. Before the match it was thought that the Company B boys would score somewhere from 410 to 415, while their opponents would score from 415 to 420. The following figures will show a somewhat different result:

COMPANY B.	
Private Elvin.....	454445444—43
Private C. Oleson.....	444454444—42
Captain White.....	445445444—42
Sergeant F. W. Thrum.....	553454444—42
Private C. C. Rhodes.....	544444554—42
Sergeant Giles.....	454553444—42
Private J. A. Johnson.....	444454444—41
Private C. Tracy.....	444444454—41
Corporal Storey.....	444444444—40
Corporal J. R. Park.....	454435443—40
Total.....	415
Average, 41.5	

SECOND TEAM—SHARPSHOOTERS.

F. Wickander.....	554445544—44
T. J. King.....	445444545—43
Dr. Emerson.....	445444444—41
J. S. Martin.....	355444444—41
A. Waterhouse.....	444455444—41
M. H. Drummond.....	444444544—40
W. J. Forbes.....	443545344—40
J. Cassidy.....	345444344—39
L. L. McCandless.....	444445334—39
F. C. Rhodes.....	443344445—38
Total.....	406
Average, 40.6	

This score is one point more than that made in the previous shoot with Company B.

NOTES.

Captain White's kahuna worked the wrong ropes Saturday and gave him a 42, instead of something above the score he is so well known by.

On behalf of the Sharpshooters "Buck" Waterhouse, the "kid" of the company, shot in place of Mr. Everett, who was ill. The boy did very well, considering the fact that it was his first watch.

Five men in Company B made 42 apiece and none fell below 40.

In the matter of highest score, F. Wickander of the Sharpshooters succeeded in making one point more than Elvin of Company B.

REDUCTION IN CHARGES.

Punahou Preparatory School Increased Number of Pupils.

The trustees of Oahu College and Punahou Preparatory School have just voted that the cost of tuition at the latter institution shall be reduced from \$1 to 50 cents per week, beginning with the present term—January 6, 1896.

The charges at the college remain the same, i.e., \$1 per week.

In spite of the fact that the tuition fee at the Preparatory School has been thus far maintained at \$1 per week, over one hundred students have been enrolled the present school year, while the college has had a membership of seventy.

SUGAR IN FULL SWING.

Many Vessels Receiving Cargoes from Maui.

SOCIAL EVENTS OF THE ISLAND.

Farewell Party to a To-be-Benedict. "Forty-Two" Parties are the Fad. Schooner is Innocent—Serious Accident—Circus Made Good Money.

MAUI, Feb. 22.—During last evening, the 21st, a farewell party was given at the residence of Dr. Aiken, Paia, in honor of Worth O. Aiken, who departs today for La Crosse, Wisconsin, upon a matrimonial mission intent. Twenty-five of Makawao's society people filled the parlors and spent a most enjoyable evening. Progressive "forty-two" made the hours fly, and at midnight the guests departed, wishing Mr. Aiken all happiness and much pleasure during his three months' trip in "the land of the free and the home of the brave."

The beach road to Kahului is about to be finished. When complete the Wailuku-Kahului seashore boulevard will be the best thing in the way of thoroughfares on the island.

It is stated that Wirth's circus took away \$2,200 from Maui, clear of all expenses.

Lumber for the new wharf at Kihei is being hauled to Kula.

The suspicious schooner mentioned last week turned out to be a sealing vessel, which, after pursuing a rather uncertain course near the Maui coast line, headed for Honolulu.

Dr. Raymond of Wailuku has been in Honolulu as a witness in the railroad case.

Thomas Kennedy has recently returned to Paia plantation after a trip to Scotland.

Messrs. Firdale and Stubbs of California are the guests of Mrs. C. B. Wells of Wailuku.

Friday evening, the 14th inst., Mrs. C. H. Dickey gave a progressive "forty-two" party to the "old folks." Saturday evening, the 15th, Mrs. D. C. Lindsay gave a similar party to the younger people. "Forty-two" is quite a popular fad in Makawao district.

During the evenings of the 14th and 15th, Zamloch appeared before large houses in the Hamakua-poko native church. He did the basket trick on Friday and the cabinet trick on Saturday evening. Many people were disappointed at the non-performance of the "dancing skeletons" which had been partially promised for Saturday evening. During Monday, the 17th, he gave an exhibition at Kahului and on Tuesday departed for Lahaina.

During Friday, the 21st, the Haiku school adjourned for a brief period to gaze at a whale, but on reaching the point of vantage the sea monster had vanished.

During the 14th inst. Mrs. Rosecrans while driving down Lahaina-lua road met with a serious accident. The horse ran down the hill throwing the lady and driver out. Both were very badly injured. Dr. Armitage was sent for from Wailuku.

The sugar season is in full swing on Maui. Three or four vessels are constantly at anchor in Kahului harbor, and Collector E. H. Bailey has his hands full of business. The warehouses of the Kahului Railroad Company are packed with sugar.

During Saturday, the 15th, the bark Hesper, Sodergeren master, arrived in Kahului seventy-four days from Newcastle. She brought a cargo of coal for Paia and Hamakua-poko plantations.

The fine brig Lurline, which Captain Matson recently sold to J. D. Spreckels & Co., Miller master, departed on the 18th with 8560 bags of H. C. Co.'s sugar, weighing 1,165,332 pounds, valued at \$35,226 66, and 1649 pounds of hides, valued at \$52 34. The passengers on the downward trip were Dr. D. M. Gedge, wife and child, and William Flint, who takes the position of bookkeeper at Kahului store.

During Wednesday, the 19th, the steamer Kahului, Tyson master, arrived from Honolulu in ballast. If she can be loaded with her complement of Paia and Hamakua-poko sugar in time she will depart for the Coast Sunday.

During the 20th the three-masted schooner Olga, Opsen master, arrived from Mahukona, at which

port she discharged her deck load of lumber. At present she is unloading the remainder of the lumber, which is consigned to Kahului Railroad Company.

Weather.—South wind most of the week. Cold mornings and nights. Unusually heavy frosts on Haleakala. More south (kona) wind this season than ever before, so says one of the oldest inhabitants.

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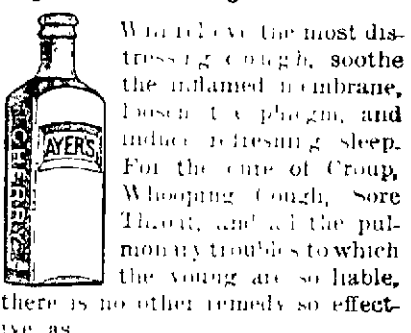
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WILL CURE YOUR COUGH.

ALL THE WORLD OVER, THE RECOGNIZED CURE FOR COUGHS, BRONCHITIS, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS.

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Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne.

Vice-Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD

stated publicly in court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHLORODYNE, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to. See The Times, July 13, 1864.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN OF EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITHOUT HEADACHE, and INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. It is the Great Specific for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea.

The General Board of Health, London, report that it ACTS as a CHARM, one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. Gibbon, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhoea."

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

is the TRUE PALLIATIVE IN Neuralgia, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Rheumatism,

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

Rapidly cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Spasms, Colic, Palpitation, Hysteria.

Important Caution.—The Immense Sale of this Remedy has given rise to many Unscrupulous Imitations.

N. B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne. Sold in bottles 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d. and 4s. 6d., by all chemists.

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Boilers, and all kinds of Iron and Steel Castings.

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ASIDE from the benefits derived to the kindergarten work, Kate Field's charming personality as a lecturer ought to attract a large audience tonight. We have Dickens' works with us always, but it is seldom that Honolulu is brought into closer knowledge of the author by a speaker of Kate Field's well known ability.

THE opening days of the Legislative session give promise of a prompt and business-like disposition of public matters, and if the present rate is kept up the legislative boards will soon be cleared. It was not Senator Waterhouse's fault that one blot was wiped out before there was time for it to leave its mark, and those who want to listen to lengthy discussions may live to see the day when they will regret that they did not kill the opium bill when they had the chance.

SEVERAL of the vessels recently added to the Norwegian navy were paid for by the free subscription of the women of the country. In Germany the women have already begun to raise money for the navy by subscription among the people. owing to the slowness of the German Parliament in granting funds to build ships. This shows what the women can do to help the war spirit along. Patriotic women urging men to prepare to defend their country's honor are a strong power.

ANNIE MAY ABBOTT, the Georgia "magnet" who passed through Honolulu recently, is amusing herself with the strong men of China and Japan. Japanese wrestlers, whose strength is celebrated the world over, were unable to raise Miss Abbott from the floor and she neutralizes their strongest efforts to lift the lightest objects from a table. The Japanese claim she has hypnotic power, while the Chinese consider her to be in league with the devil. Possibly Commissioner Marsden might give them a few points if they were anxious to discover the secret.

MINISTER DAMON, in his explanation of the general financial policy outlined by the Executive for the consideration of the Legislature, remarked that such an explanation on the part of a Minister was somewhat unusual. We might add that it is a decidedly commendable digression from the usual rule. One of the severest criticisms that has been passed upon the Executive is that matters of public importance have been kept too closely and sprung too suddenly on the country. While we do not consider that the criticism has always been merited, nothing can be lost by guarding against the possibility.

THE State of New York, with all its political corruption, can be given credit for having done one act in the interests of good politics. In the early part of this month Bat Shea, a ward heeler in the city of Troy, died in the electric chair for the murder of John Ross. During an election some two years ago Shea and his compatriots were engaged in "carrying" several wards of the city by manipulating a crowd of repeaters. Ross and his brother attempted to prevent the work of corruption, and the former was shot and killed in a scrimmage at the polls. It would be a good thing for the United States if more Bat Sheas received their just dues. Ward heelers would think twice before they began active operations.

SPEAKER REED continues to say nothing of his Presidential aspirations, but he is not unimpressed by the impression which it is his duty as a candidate for the nomination to make. His economical streak, which leads him to oppose the Nicaragua Canal bill, works

both ways. It catches the denizens of the way-back towns who believe the safety of the Republic is in the number of dollars saved, and at the same time Reed stands in with the railroad men, who have no desire to see the canal route capture the carrying trade. The denizens have the honest votes and the railroad bosses have funds to buy votes that are on the market. Reed's chances are not bad.

UNDER the leadership of Rev. Mr. Birnie, Honolulu is doing what little it can to alleviate the sufferings of the Armenians. It is very little that we can do, but that small pittance of assistance shows the direction of the sympathies of many citizens of the Republic, and every little helps. It is to be hoped that the nucleus obtained from the collection Sunday will be largely increased before the sailing of the steamer on Wednesday. Now that this movement has once been started it ought to be taken up by the people on the other islands. Osmer Abbott may well be classed as one of the pioneers in stirring an interest in Armenia, and we trust that he, with others, may renew their efforts to make the expression of sympathy from Hawaii a most liberal one.

THE opening speeches made by the British ministry before Parliament give double assurance that Lord Salisbury's remarks before the Non-Conformists was a forecasting of the policy of the Government. Well may the people of the United States say that Uncle Sam has brought the coon, treed by the Venezuelan message, to terms. In the Armenia difficulties Lord Salisbury is as abject in his apologies as ever. The admissions of weakness made by the Prime Minister are enough to make some of Britain's former leaders turn in their graves. Gladstone, with the full realization that his days are numbered, has determined to again attempt to gain a seat in Parliament, there to raise his voice against the national policy which is, as he believes, a national disgrace. It is unfortunate indeed that the usually strong British ministry should thus show itself to be so palpably weak kneed at such a critical period.

SENATOR McCANDLESS, who shows a disposition to favor the opium bill, holds his position in the Senate by virtue of the withdrawal of Hon. P. C. Jones in his favor. Mr. Jones does not, and never has favored any move toward the licensing of opium. In fact he is one of the strongest opponents of any such measure. While Senator McCandless has no strings tied to him and is perhaps under no personal obligations to change his private opinions to fit those of the man whose place he took, at the same time a stand for the opium bill will place him in a rather unfortunate position. Mr. Jones' constituents are now Mr. McCandless' constituents, and we are very positive that the latter could not secure a seat in the Senate as an opium candidate. As a politician, Senator McCandless must perforce have some consideration for the opinions of his constituents. Times have not changed to such an extent since the monarchy died that the people have forgotten what they were balloting for.

A FEW AMERICAN SENTIMENTS. The expressions of the American press on the diplomatic ripple caused by the failure to recognize the 17th of January as a public holiday have been decidedly terse, with no evidence of an endeavor to nuzzle matters in reviewing the situation. We find that splitting fine political hairs does not meet with any more favor in the United States than it does in Hawaii.

The San Francisco Chronicle doubts if the country is ever to hear the end of the Hawaiian fiasco. Those who thought the matter had ended did not count on the obstinacy of the Administration. The Chronicle refers to a possible

recall, and then says: "But whether this occurs or not, at any rate there is no doubt that Willis was guilty of holding a very offensive course toward the Government to which he is accredited. And to make the matter the more offensive, it seems that Willis took every care to have it known that his neglect and refusal to recognize the national holiday was not a mere oversight, but was his deliberate act, or, rather, omission."

"So it was that when the American Hawaiians celebrated the anniversary of the establishment of their Republic, which is framed on the model of the United States, to which they are loyally attached as their mother country, the Minister and his civil and naval associates held aloof for fear that it might displease their master at Washington if they should show any sympathy with the Government of the Republic."

"Willis has shown himself in this matter, as he has on every occasion, and in respect to every question that has arisen since he was sent to Honolulu, as a bitter opponent to the young Republic. Not, perhaps, because his sympathies lie that way, but because he is there to represent the persistent and obstinate opposition of President Cleveland to those who overthrew the monarchy which he attempted to bolster up. Like master like minister."

The opinions of the San Francisco Bulletin run in much the same line, notably that "it seems an act of especial discourtesy to refuse to fly a little bunting when its third anniversary comes round" after the United States has recognized the present Government of the islands. Continuing, it says: "The President's Venezuela message warranted the hope that he had undergone a change of heart. No one really supposed that he wrote the message, but he doubtless signed it. That was a good deal for Mr. Cleveland to do. That was such a feat that he has ever since been trying on the strength of it to dictate a financial policy to Congress. The Dole Government has endured three years under Mr. Cleveland's displeasure. The chances are that it will manage to get along one year more, after which date it will be a matter of small importance what Mr. Cleveland thinks of that or other subjects."

The Oakland Enquirer strikes directly at the American representative and trusts that President Dole will "have the pluck to request his recall. It is the duty of a Minister, in all matters that do not conflict with the policy of his own government, to make himself agreeable to the Government to which he is accredited, but Willis appears to think that he should be as rude and insulting as possible." Thus it will be seen that the majority regard the non-recognition of the day as a part of a program mapped out by the chief executive of the United States. As these papers are talking of their own national representatives their conclusions attract more than passing attention. The people of this country will wait with patience the proof of the truth or falsity of their deductions.

ANOTHER WAY OF MAKING MONEY.

The advocates of the opium bill, who have displayed such marked solicitude for the revenue of the country, will doubtless be interested in the results of the South Carolina dispensary law as shown in the recent report of the State Liquor Commission to the Governor. Various unauthorized statements of the workings of this law have been made public from time to time, but this is the first complete and authentic review that has been made.

The report covers a period of eleven months between February 1 and December 31, 1895. Within that time the State Dispensary sold liquor to the value of \$1,076,963.95, on which the towns and counties netted a profit of \$106,131.28. The profits to the State itself were \$133,467.77 on \$903,055.63 worth of sales made to the

local dispensaries. An additional outstanding profit of \$25,571.85 is claimed for the State, making a total profit to the State for the eleven months of \$159,039.62. The profits of the towns and counties on retail sales were almost exactly 10 per cent., while the State's profits on wholesale dealings were about 16 per cent. The total profits to the State since the dispensary system went into operation, July 1, 1893, to December 31, 1895, a period of two and a half years, are placed at \$243,816.57, an average of a little less than \$100,000 a year.

The report has nothing to say on whether or no the new law has wrought any change in the disorders and crimes growing out of the use of liquor. The State Liquor Commissioner makes complaint that he has not proper facilities for filling orders, which the liquor men claim is an evidence that the new law has not diminished the amount of liquor consumed. While this complaint may not show that there is less drinking, on the other hand it does not prove that there is more. In fact, the law has not been in force long enough to draw any correct conclusions on either of these points, and the commissioner does well to fight shy of conjectures. As the machinery of the law has improved with use, however, the illicit sale of liquor has been largely decreased. Thus one point of the moralist has been gained. For the other features the people can afford to await the verdict which time and proper administration will give.

But we wish to call the particular attention of our opium friends to the financial gain brought about by the law. While we cannot state at this time the comparative returns such a law would give in this country, the percentage of profit is a good one and we venture to state that our Government could realize enough to build two or three roads for Hilo. Let the opium advocates be consistent. The same arguments they advance for opium will hold good for the liquor. They want money for public works. Here is an opportunity, and they will not be obliged to suffer political stultification in order to improve it. Let them, if possible, come off their hobby horses and call to mind the fact that there is more than one way for the Government to increase its revenue for public works.

APOLOGIES AS ARGUMENTS.

Senators Brown, Hocking and McCandless, true to their hobby, have sent the opium bill on its way, and the country is again to be put under the disagreeable necessity of discussing a problem that only a few years ago was put down as settled beyond a question of a doubt. The method championed by Senator Waterhouse was the only way to settle Mr. Brown's bill. The conditions have not changed to such an extent in three years that the wisecracks of today will gain unusual glory in standing behind and endeavoring to brace up this skeleton of corruption.

The argument put first and foremost by these men is nothing more or less than an apology. They tell us that they know the opium traffic is degrading and dangerous; they would gladly stamp it out. But there is opium in the country today; opium is coming in steadily and they throw up their sanctimonious hands and declare the country is powerless to prohibit, and consequently ought to pat the opium fiends on the back and declare them good fellows so long as they will pay for it. It is hypocrisy from start to finish, and every legislator who raises his voice or registers his vote in favor of the bill is nothing more or less than an advocate of political hypocrisy, as bare faced and open as the opium and lottery corruption of the monarchy.

Should the opium license men be successful in their scheme now on foot they know very well what will be the result. Granting they can find purchasers of licenses placed from \$10,000 to \$20,000, how long will it be before the opium venders

will come forward with the same petty whine now being brought up? How long will it be before they will complain that the license and duty are so high that they cannot compete with the smugglers? Again the argument—the apology—will be brought forward that the Government cannot cope with the smuggler, consequently the Government should be brought nearer the smuggler and endeavor to drive him out of business by pure competition of prices. The result is practically free opium, with all its attendant power of corruption and degradation. It may be said that the licensees will assist the Government in preventing contraband opium coming into and being sold in the country. We have a good example of the influence that licenses exert over illicit sales, in the amount of liquor that is sold in this country outside the licensed saloons. What have the liquor men done to decrease the illicit sale of spirits? Absolutely nothing. They will point out to you the places where liquor is sold without a license, but who among the lot has ever taken a step to prevent this thing going on? How many have endeavored to reach the matter through the proper authorities? Not many, if any.

It is the same old story with the opium traffic. Human nature doesn't change, whether it is the opium or liquor question that is agitating the minds of the people.

It is said opium cannot be kept from the country, but mark you one all-important point—the Government has never supplied the proper means to keep it out. And now it is urged that before the Government has fully tested its ability to put down the evil, it is best to turn about, admit defeat, admit that the first Legislature of the Republic is weak-kneed and willing to sell its birthright of integrity of principle gained in 1893 for a mess of opium pottage. It is possible the body politic of Hawaii may fall in with this idea, but we have very good reason to doubt it. The advocates of the opium bill are simply preparing political graves for themselves, both at home and abroad.

HIGH SCHOOL CONCERT.

To Raise Funds for New Piano.

An Excellent Program. There will be a concert at the High School on Saturday night the proceeds of which will be used in purchasing a piano for the school. A very large audience is expected as the program given below is a fine one:

1. Trio—Piano, Violin and Cello. Mrs. J. T. Lewis, Mr. B. L. Marx and Mr. Wray Taylor.
 2. Glee—"The Carnival".... Rossini High School Glee Club.
 3. Recitation—"The Drummer Boy"..... Miss M. Kennedy.
 4. Vocal Duet—"Come O'er the Moonlit Sea"..... Auber The Misses King.
 5. Song—"One Spring Morning",..... Miss Kate Fleming.
 6. Solo and Chorus—"The Arrow and the Song",..... Pinsuti High School Glee Club.
 7. Serenade, with violin obligato. Miss McGrew and Mr. J. W. Yandley.
- INTERMISSION OF FIVE MINUTES.
9. Piano Solo—"Bacchante"....Nevin Miss M. Green.
 10. Recitation—"The Engineer's Story"..... Miss Nellie McLain.
 11. Double Sextette—"Ave Maria"..... Mendelssohn High School Glee Club.
 12. Violin Solo—"Fifth Air Varié"..... Dancla Miss Elenore Ingersoll.
 13. Piano Solo—Miss Mary Rice.
 14. Part Song—"Good Night, Beloved"..... Pinsuti High School Glee Club.
- Doors open at 7. Commence at 7.30. Tickets may be had from the pupils of the school.

Today will be the last opportunity the public will have to secure relics of the monarchy at Morgan's auction room.

Weak And Nervous

Describes the condition of thousands of people at this season. They have no appetite, cannot sleep, and complain of the prostrating effect of warmer weather. This condition may be remedied by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which creates an appetite and tones up all the organs. It gives good health by making the blood pure.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, assist digestion, cure headache. HOBSON DRUG CO., wholesale agents.

FILTERS.

The report of the executive officer of the Board of Health relative to the condition of the Nuuanu reservoirs is suggestive of something dangerous to health. It also suggests filters, good filters, something that will effectually separate the water from mud and filth. Nature has done much toward providing the people with necessities; it has also done a little toward securing for the people, luxuries. In some localities a filter is a luxury, in others, Honolulu for instance, it is a necessity, but the natural filters that are sold have been much improved by the ingenuity of man.

Charcoal is admitted to be the most thorough purifying agent known, consequently Messrs. Slack & Brownlow selected it for use in the manufacture of their filters. And we are the agents for this particular brand of filter in Honolulu, a sufficient guarantee, by the way, of the character of the article.

The latest invoices show three different styles of the S. & B. Filters and these we have in stock, just opened them, in fact, and we want your attention.

No. 1, (we will call it No. 1) is fitted with a movable plate, so that when necessary, the carbon may be taken out and washed. It has also a movable lining allowing access to every part of the interior, which may be kept perfectly sweet and clean.

No. 2 and 3 are provided with the same conveniences for cleaning as the other, but they have the important addition that every part, including the pure water chamber, is accessible, giving them all the requirements of a "Perfect Filter."

The price of the S. & B. filter is below the others. You should have one, because it is a necessity.

PACIFIC HARDWARE CO.

Now Is The Time

— TO GET —
PHOTOGRAPHS
At Cheap Prices.

J. J. Williams

Has reduced the price of Cabinet sized pictures to

\$6.00 PER DOZEN

LATEST DESIGNS

IN ALL SIZES.

Take Advantage of This Extraordinary Offer.

4227-3m

WE OFFER FOR SALE

— A —
New Shipment

Of the Well-known

SWEET

CAPORAL

Cigarettes.

H. HACKFELD & CO.,
SOLE ACENTS.

4228-1m

The Daily Advertiser 75 cents a month. Delivered by carrier.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Measles are almost-epidemic at Waianae.

Opium is quoted at \$10 per pound, f. o. b. Honolulu.

H. B. M. Commissioner Hawes went to Kauai on the steamer Kauai last night.

Tommy Cummins is the happy father of a bouncing baby boy born at 7 a. m. Saturday.

Punahou Preparatory School charges only fifty cents per week, beginning January 6, 1896.

The Sheriff, Deputy Sheriff and Captain of the Police of Maui will visit the Bernice Pauahi Museum this morning.

The receipts of the New England dinner given by the W. C. T. U. and Y. W. C. T. U. Friday amounted to something over \$170.

A runaway horse on Alakea street last night, as the congregation was leaving the Christian church, caused considerable excitement.

The Japanese are making lime at Waianae, and have completed arrangements with the plantation company for taking a large portion of the output.

Harry Evans, turnkey at the police station, will be made harbor policeman, succeeding Captain Hilbus, who will be made captain of the tug Eleu on March 1st.

Henry Smith, Clerk of the Supreme Court, has had a typewriter desk made by a local carpenter, which, for design and finish surpasses any of those imported from the Coast.

The Company D minstrel troupe will have another rehearsal tonight. The boys are making good progress and will present something worth the public's time to witness in the near future.

Work on the new opera house is beginning in good earnest. Wagons were busy carting lumber to the place yesterday afternoon, and the danger lights were put out for the first time last night.

Three hundred Chinese contract laborers are expected to arrive by the China. Eight hundred Japanese, 600 of whom have been contracted for are on Ogura & Co.'s steamer, now en route.

Dr. E. R. Dille, pastor of Central Methodist Episcopal church, San Francisco, will arrive on the Australia February 13th. Dr. Dille is one of the ablest and most eloquent speakers on the Pacific Coast.

Artist Hilliard has accepted the invitation of the Kilohana Art League to display his pictures in Honolulu. The view will be held next Tuesday evening and promises to be a treat for all those who appreciate true art.

If the party who recently addressed a communication to the manager of the Gazette Company regarding a cape lost and advertised for in this paper will call at the office or send name and address, it will be to his or her benefit.

It is said that there will be a meeting of lacrosse enthusiasts in the near future. It is hoped that this looked-for event will not prove such a spasmodic attempt as certain ones of several months ago which resulted only in the importation of lacrosse sticks.

The Kamehameha school girls have presented Prof. Berger with a fine framed picture of the famous Beethoven as a token of their appreciation of his services in their concert at Independence Park pavilion. Professor Berger cherishes the present as one of his most valued gifts.

The engagement of Miss Ida Altberger, daughter of General Altberger, of San Francisco, to F. A. Severin, brother of T. P. Severin of this city, is announced. Mr. Severin was formerly connected with Williams' art gallery. The wedding will take place at the home of the bride, San Francisco, in April.

James Donnelly, for many years a teacher at Hauula and other points on the islands died on Sunday from a complication of diseases. At the funeral which took place Sunday afternoon the following persons officiated as pallbearers: Prof. Alexander, J. F. Scott, J. Lightfoot, Armstrong Smith, J. L. Edwards and J. L. Dumas.

James R. Renton, A. Lidgate, Robert Horner, Fred S. Clinton, Edwin Thomas, E. W. Estep, Wm. Horner, George Koch and J. A. Kauila, inspectors of election in Hamakua and witnesses in behalf of Alexander Young, have agreed to submit themselves to whatever judgment or decision in the premises the Supreme Court shall consider just and proper.

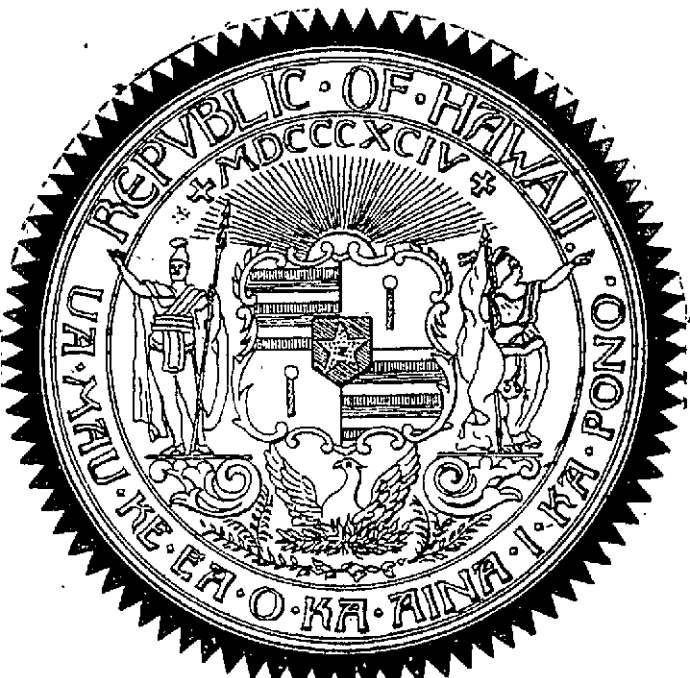
SEAL OF THE REPUBLIC.

Design Submitted by the "Anglo-Dane."

A FINE PIECE OF WORK.

Some Features of the Old Seal. The Old and the New Blended. The Lone Star of the Pacific. To Be Considered on Wednesday.

Representative Robertson and Sen. Schmidt and McCandless, the committee appointed to secure designs for a great seal yesterday recommended the one submitted by "Anglo-Dane," who turns out to be Viggo Jacobson, the well known penman. Mr. Jacobson's design embodies some of the features of the old seal and includes others that are new to



DESIGN FOR GREAT SEAL. Submitted by Anglo-Dane.

Hawaii in the matter of scrolls or escutcheons.

In working out his ideas he seems to have been animated by a desire to retain from the old coat-of-arms as much as possible and to modify it only sufficiently to meet the exigencies of the new order of things.

He evidently had good reasons for this, for the old design has much to commend it, having been executed by the College of Heraldry in London, England, upon suggestions made by the late Haalilio, a man whose abilities were held in high esteem by foreigners and natives alike.

Mr. Jacobson considered that it was a sound principle to refrain from making a very radical change, thereby avoiding the confusion which would be caused by the adoption of a perfectly new composition, however beautiful in itself, which would be unfamiliar to persons at home and unrecognizable to any one abroad. The fact that the Government had in its request for designs shown some regard for traditions gave the designers ample scope in laying out their work and in embodying some of the essential characteristics of the old seal in the new.

Mr. Jacobson's design serves the purpose of illustrating the evolution of Hawaiian history, past, present and future. Proceeding on these lines the original great seal, the keystone of the whole fabric, has been preserved in its entirety.

That the eight bars of the national banner represent the eight inhabited islands under one rule is known the world over, and in this connection Mr. Jacobson submits that the eight stars in the second and third quarter of the present seal are superfluous and lacking in originality, and the retention of the distinctly typical staff of authority in the fields is more justifiable. The peculiar significance is forcibly set forth in Thurman's Annual in an article descriptive of the seal. "The white ball, etc., with which the second and third squares are charged was an ancient emblem of the country called Polutou, and they were placed at the right and left of the gateway, or door, of the chief's house to indicate protection, or a place of refuge, to which persons might flee from danger and be safe."

The substitution, on the other hand, in the center of the single star of Hawaii (whose ultimate destiny it, probably, is to become engrafted upon the escutcheon of the greatest of all the Republics) for the ancient emblem, leaning upon a cross sabbre, the exact meaning and origin of which are, to a large extent, shrouded in obscurity, and not likely to meet with any strong objection, while, from an aesthetic point of view, it must be considered a decided improvement.

The difficult problem of devising two human figures as supporters has been happily solved by introducing Kamehameha I. and the Goddess of Liberty, both representing important epochs in the history of Hawaii—the old and new respectively. The contrast of color and sex suggesting not only reconciliation, but the fusion of the races with one another.

The irradiating sun above the shield is symbolic of the new era which dawned upon Hawaii with the advent of the Republic, while the fabulous bird "Phoenix" is Hawaii herself, rising, rejuvenated, from the ashes of the monarchy. The two leaves, ferns, etc., are suggestive of the fruitfulness

of the soil and the tropical verdure of the country.

The fact that the committee was of the opinion that the old motto should be retained induced Mr. Jacobson to give it greater prominence than heretofore, and, in this particular, he followed the plan carried out in all of the seals in the American States.

THE CROWN RELICS.

Splendid Sale Yesterday—High Prices Realized.

The collection of crown silverware, glassware and China of the late monarchy sold by Morgan yesterday brought extravagant prices from people who wanted to own the sets or pieces for their associations.

Quite the largest buyer was H. F. Wichman as to the number of pieces and perhaps the number of dollars. W. G. Irwin paid the highest price for a set; a dinner service for six. The price paid was \$235 the only bid, and the purchaser would have gone higher. One set that had been marked \$500 for the whole went begging for bidders until Minister Cooper ordered it sold in pieces. The total amount received for the sale

in this way was in excess of the upset price. After dinner coffee cups sold for \$7 each, saucers the same; plates went equally high.

One large centre piece of silver and which was supposed to be platedware proved on examination by Mr. Wichman to contain \$432 worth of bullion.

The articles sold yesterday as belonging to the Kamehameha reign were nearly all purchased in England by the late Dr. Judd. Most of his purchases have, however, long passed into oblivion, so far as Hawaii is concerned, through the carelessness of servants. The most valuable china set that was in the palace was that given the king by Napoleon III, but not a piece of that set has been about the place for a long time; what was not broken by the servants was distributed as mementos.

The greatest demand yesterday was for pieces bearing the king's initials and crown. There seemed to be a peculiar fascination in them for the curio gatherers.

The sale will be continued today.

MRS. GUNN'S DANCING CLASS.

An Immediate Success—Twenty-one Pupils.

When twenty-one young people turn out to the first meeting of a dancing school it seems a good indication that the project is favorably received, particularly since the number of beginners given above represents some of the best families in the city.

Mrs. Gunn, the instructor, started her dancing school last Friday afternoon in the Child's Garden, Beretania street, and was much pleased to note the number in attendance. It has not been decided just what afternoon will be chosen permanently but it is more than probable that every Friday will be the time.

In speaking of the school yesterday a well known lady of the city remarked, "I do not intend to have my children grow up awkward if I can do anything to prevent such a thing, and it seems that this school is just what I want to help me in my determination. I have a perfect horror of seeing my children appear ill at ease in society. Dancing is the best thing in the world to obviate such a catastrophe. I shall send my children to the school and try to get all my friends to do the same. One hour or a little more every week is certainly not much to devote to something so necessary to a child's development."

The Mounted Reserve will meet for drill on the Makiki baseball grounds at 7:30 o'clock Thursday evening. Every member is ordered to be present.

WEYLER IN CONTROL.

Soon to Take the Field Against the Cubans.

WILL CALL FOR VOLUNTEERS.

Attempt to Meet Opponents in Open Battle—Makes a Hit by Relocating Prisoners—Another Expedition Starts From New York—Insurgents Suffer.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—The Herald's Havana cable says: Captain-General Weyler's first official day was a very busy one. Its results, as far as they are known, have left on the whole an excellent impression. Ten political prisoners, who, after being for some time confined in Santiago de Cuba, were sent here by General Pando to be imprisoned in Morro castle, waiting deportation to Ceuta, Africa, and who expected to be sent away today, with other prisoners, were pleasantly surprised this morning. Captain-General Weyler, when asked to sign the order for their embarkation and indefinite imprisonment, called for the evidence in the cases, examined it carefully, and at the suggestion of General Pando, who thought the sentences too severe, considering that the proof was only circumstantial, ordered the ten prisoners released.

Wants More Volunteers.

HAVANA, Feb. 14.—Captain-General Weyler continues his investigation into the condition and resources of his forces in Cuba, and in making some experiments of methods he intends to employ when he enters a campaign. General Weyler is apparently con-



CAPTAIN-GENERAL WEYLER. Now in Command of the Spanish Forces in Cuba.

vinced that the force of volunteers in Cuba is not as large or as effective as it can be made, and he is devoting a great deal of attention to plans for enlarging this arm of the service and employing it in active service.

Another Party Starts Out.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 13.—Another Cuban expedition, including about 100 of the survivors of the Hawkins expedition, sailed from New York last Monday. She carries to the insurgents 100,000 rounds of cartridges and 2000 stands.

Insurgents Suffer Loss.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—The Herald's Havana cable says: It was learned unofficially today that General Weyler will personally take the field very soon. Weyler's purpose is said to be to place his command between the armies of Gomez and Maceo and force one or both to give battle.

From Camajuan, province of Santa Clara, comes intelligence of an important fight between Colonel Lopez and the insurgents, led by Serafin Sanchez and Mirabel, near Palo Prieto. Lopez had 800 infantry and cavalry and Sanchez is supposed to have 3000. The fight lasted five hours. The rebels are reported defeated with a loss of more than 100 killed and wounded.

Sanchez is said to have had under his charge the rebel president and secretaries, who were coming west to confer with General Gomez and Maceo.

Attempted Burglary.

At 2 o'clock this morning while Officer Espinda was on watch at the corner of Fort and Queen streets, his attention was attracted by a loud noise to the tobacco store of Hollister & Co. on Merchant

street. Proceeding to the place two men were seen to suddenly disappear around the corner. The officer whistled for assistance and gave chase, capturing the two men near the boat landing. The men were brought back to the scene of operations, where it was found the lock and window of the door had been broken, a big iron bar being the instrument used. One of the men was badly cut on the hands. Both were locked up, pending an investigation this morning.

THE ART RECEPTION.

Kilohana League Rooms Open to W. H. Hilliard.

W. H. Hilliard the artist, has accepted the kind invitation of the Kilohana Art League to give an exhibition of his painting in their rooms, Tregloan block, for those interested in art. The answer would have been made some time ago but suitable arrangements could not be made any sooner.

Mr. Hilliard has decided to give a reception to the Kilohana Art League on Tuesday evening, February 25th. The paintings will be on exhibition for the first time then. After that event the rooms of the league will be thrown open to the public for a few days and evenings. No admission will be charged.

Mr. Hilliard will exhibit about thirty paintings. It is hoped that D. Howard Hitchcock, Hawaii's artist, will exhibit some of his work.

Among Mr. Hilliard's paintings will be several scenes in and about Honolulu. "On the road to the Pali" will be one to claim the attention of the lovers of fine work. It is a misty day picture with the summits of the mountains showing prominently. Just a small portion of the road curving around out

BICYCLE MEET LAST NIGHT.

Two Native Boys Contest—The Record Broken.

A few days since Kakalia, a young native employed at the fish-market, stepped up to Niu, a native boat boy, and said: "See here, young fellow, I can just do you any time at all for any distance you may feel disposed to mention. Yes, bicycle racing is what I mean. You have been going around telling people what a fine rider you are and I intend to make you stop your bragging. Accept the challenge or be doomed forever to be called a coward."

Niu, with a self-satisfied smile, accepted the challenge and sauntered off to his home to oil up his dirt-covered chain and tie up a broken spoke or so. Kakalia walked off in another direction meditating on what kind of lard he should use on his wheel for such an exciting event. The thought also came to him that he must put a brake on his wheel in order to check himself should he get to going too fast. It would also be necessary to remove some of the dirt that had been gathered on the wheel in order to present as small a surface as possible to the wind.

Thus in their own small ways they meditated upon the preparations necessary for the race and the probable outcome.

The race was called yesterday afternoon and in order to prevent a large crowd gathering the first starting point was changed at the last moment and Beretania and Punchbowl streets chosen instead. At the drop of the hat the two bicyclists bent over their handlebars with their noses dangerously near the front tires, and shot out for Punahou. Arriving at Dillingham's corner, they turned down and started in King street. Just then there was an explosion and Kakalia felt the rim of his front wheel running along on the ground. Niu smiled a glorious smile and made for town, finishing on Union Square about a half or three quarters of an hour afterwards, according to the official timekeeper. Kakalia was game and kept on going, but failed to catch Niu. Kakalia claimed a foul because his tire got a puncture in it, and the judge concurred with him. Another race will be arranged for in the near future. This time it is thought all tires will be removed from the wheels to prevent a repetition of the catastrophe.

BY AUTHORITY.

SALE OF PUBLIC LANDS.

On SATURDAY, March 21st, at 12 o'clock noon, at front entrance of Judiciary Building, Honolulu, will be sold the following pieces of land:

1—Lot in Waianae, Oahu, containing 6 1-10 of an acre. Upset price, \$810.

2—Lot in Waianae, Oahu, containing 44-100 of an acre. Upset price, \$100.

3—Lot at seashore, Waianae, Oahu, at mouth of the river, containing 4 acres. Upset price, \$100.

The sale of Lot 3 is upon condition that purchaser will within one year from date of purchase, erect upon the land a building suitable for purpose of small hotel, to accommodate not less than twelve persons.

Plans showing above lands for sale may be seen at the Public Lands Office, Judiciary Building, where further particulars may be obtained.

J. F. BROWN,
Agent of Public Lands.
1735-1m

SCOTTISH UNION

— AND —

National Insurance Co.

The undersigned has received the appointment of Agent for the Hawaiian Islands of the above Company, which is one of the strongest financially in the world and is prepared to take risks at the regular rates.

Capital, \$30,000,000.

Total Assets, \$41,372,606.

JOHN S. WALKER.

210-1m

HAWAIIAN HARDWARE CO.,

Hardware, Cutlery and Glassware.

307 Fort Street Honolulu.



AT GAZETTE OFFICE

THEO. H. DAVIES IN TOWN

Arrived by the Australia yesterday.

HIS VISIT FOR BUSINESS ONLY.

The Effect of Cleveland's Message. Kailua in Good Health Outlook for Trade—Politics Not Bothing Mr. Davies—The Japanese.

Theo. H. Davies and his two sons were passengers by the Australia yesterday and are guests of T. Rain Walker. Mr. Davies is the picture of health. His visit to the islands at this time is purely for business purposes. He was seen last night by a reporter for the ADVERTISER and asked regarding his stay here. "I shall remain until the Monowai arrives the latter part of April," said

"Oh yes! There's always better times when sugar is up but there is one thing to be considered, the higher the price goes the lower it will go down afterward."

"Since you were here last," Mr. Davies, "there has been a large increase in the number of Japanese merchants in Honolulu. What do you think will be the effect upon the Anglo-Saxon merchant?"

"I have no way of judging but by what I have read in the newspapers, and I should say it looked as though they were going to run us all out. I judge also that the policy of having twenty-five per cent. of the Japanese arriving here, women, has not proved satisfactory."

"From the account published in the ADVERTISER of the number of unfortunate Japanese women located in Honolulu, and the fact that they are constantly increasing, I am constrained to believe that the Government should look after the evil, and it cannot be done with closed eyes."

THEY TALKED CABLE.

Admiral Irwin In Favor of Cable to Hawaii.

Appears Before Committee on Foreign Relations—Agrees to Certain Amendments.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—The Hawaiian cable sub-committee of the Senate from the committee on Foreign Relations today granted a hearing to representatives of the Pacific Cable Company, who ask a charter, and a subsidy from the Government for a telegraphic cable from the Pacific Coast of the United States to Pearl Harbor, Hawaii. Brief statements were made by James A. Schrimser, president of the company, Edmund L. Baylis, vice-president; C. C. Neale and Admiral Irwin, all of whom contended for the advantages to the Government of the Pacific Cable Company's proposition.

Schrimser and Baylis submitted a joint statement agreeing to a modification of their bill so as to provide that in consideration of the proposed Government subsidy the company will carry free perpetually all United States Government messages, and will not charge more than \$1.25 per word to China and Japan nor more than 75 cents per word on messages between the United States and Hawaii; press rates to be one-fourth of the regular rates. They also agreed to deposit \$100,000 with the Secretary of the Treasury as a guarantee of good faith.

Admiral Irwin dwelt especially upon the strategic advantages of having a Pacific cable, and gave the committee much incidental information about Pearl Harbor. He referred to his visit to Hawaii in 1894, and said that he knew from the experience he had then at that time the Hawaiian Government would be willing to concede the sovereign power of the United States over Pearl Harbor. He said also that it was of vast importance to have a cable extending to China and Japan in case of war with any European power.

A CABLE LECTURE. Submarine Telegraph Lines, Present and Future, Reviewed by Hugh Craig.

At the meeting of the Geographical Society of the Pacific held in San Francisco on Feb. 12th, in the hall, Hugh Craig read a paper on "The Hawaiian Cable Question and Submarine Telegraphy," with camera illustrations. He covered the subject in regard to the entire world and included a description of the two submarine cables first laid across the Atlantic, both of which proved failures and were left on the bottom.

There are ten cables crossing the Atlantic—three of the Commercial Cable Company, three of the Anglo-American Cable Company, one French (Ponyer Quertier), one of the United States Cable Company and two of the American Cable Company, Gould leased to the Western Union.

A description of the sea bottom from here to Hawaii was given, and reference made to the soundings taken by the United States ship Albatross in her exploration trip from Monterey bay to Honolulu. The proposed cable from New Zealand to Victoria, British Columbia, via Necker Island, the midocean station in about the same latitude as Honolulu, was outlined, and stress was laid on the advantages of building the Hawaiian cable with American capital.

HE KILLED AN OLD WOMAN.

Paul Kamauu to Be Executed at Folsom.

SACRAMENTO, Feb. 7.—Another man has been sentenced to be hanged in the penitentiary at Folsom.

Paulo Kamauu, in the summer of 1894, committed one of the most heinous crimes in the history of El Dorado county, a county noted for its many bloody crimes. He outraged an old woman named Ellen Robinson and then to make sure that his infamous crime would never be known he killed her. But the crime of murder was soon fastened upon him and he was tried and convicted and sentenced to death.

Kamauu has been confined in the Folsom Penitentiary for some time past. This morning he was taken from there to Placerville to listen to the fixing of the date of his execution. The Superior Court committed him to die on the gallows on the 10th day of next April. At the time of the murder he was twenty-seven years of age.

Kamauu is a native of the Hawaiian Islands. He is a tall, powerfully built man and weighs over 200 pounds.

Simon S. Hartman, of Fannellton, West Va., has been subject to attacks of cholera about once a year, and would have to call a doctor and then suffer for about twelve hours as much as some do when they die. He was taken recently just the same as at other times, and concluded to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. He says: "I took one dose of it and it gave me relief in five minutes. That is more than any thing else has ever done for me. For sale by all druggists and dealers BENSON, SMITH & Co., agents for H I

THE BALLOON ASCENSION.

A Pleasant Outing on Saturday—Professor Price a Wonder.

Ascends 3000 Feet in the Air—Successful Parachute Jump.

Prof. James W. Price, the aeronaut, made a successful ascent at Remond Grove Saturday at 4:20 p. m.

Two trains were run from the O. R. & L. Co. to the grounds in order to accommodate the people. Neither train was crowded due, possibly, from the fact that people who take an interest in aerostatics had not recovered from the shock experienced at van Tassell's death a half dozen years ago.

The work of inflating the monster balloon began soon after the arrival of the second train at the grove. Professor Price and Willifred Burns were directing a half dozen men in their duties of holding down the big bag while smoke and hot air from a nearby furnace was pouring into it. As the folds of canvas filled the bag swayed slightly through the force of the light southerly breeze.

It was a good indication, for there was no danger of the aeronaut being carried out to sea. Professor Price had informed his friends on Friday night that in the event of the wind carrying him seaward he would cut lose with his parachute at five hundred feet and come down.

Promptly at 4:20 p. m. and after he had raised the trapeze bar to a height convenient for him to sit down he gave the word "let go." Burns shouted "good luck Jim" and the band played "Up in a Balloon" and the enormous bag shot up with a rush. It was a fascinating sight but to those who had seen van Tassell go to his death there was a certain unconquerable awe about it all that was appalling. But Professor Price knew his business and he gave the people the worth of their money.

At an elevation of, perhaps, 3000 feet Price pulled a rope and the parachute became detached from the balloon; a hundred feet down it opened and the professor began a descent as graceful as that of a bird. The balloon started upward for a moment and then gradually collapsed, the smoke and hot air came out and the canvas twisted down and began folding up so that when it reached the ground a half mile away it was as neatly piled up as if it had been through the hands of a dry goods clerk. The parachute dropped with the professor at least a half mile from where the balloon fell. Mr. Smith the Pearl City pineapple planter followed the parachute on horseback and reached the professor about the time he landed.

It is understood Professor Price will give another ascent within the week so as to give persons who neglected Saturday's opportunity a chance to witness the performance.

WAS BORN ON MAUI.

Death of Miss Susan C. Gower in New Haven, Ct.

The New Haven Morning Journal of February 3rd, contains an extended obituary notice of Miss Susan C. Gower, who died in New Haven February 1st, aged forty-one years, ten months and twelve days. The immediate cause of death was blood poisoning following two operations for appendicitis.

Miss Gower's life in this country is referred to as follows:

It is a coincidence worth noting that Miss Gower was born on missionary ground on the island of Maui, Hawaiian Islands, during the time her father was collector at the port of Lahaina. Her mother's attendant physician was the late Rev. Dr. Baldwin of that place, and two devoted wives of missionaries, one of whom still lives in Honolulu, Mrs. S. E. Bishop, were indeed mistletoe angels to both mother and child in those days of trial, and gave a wealth of love and devotion and personal sympathy that cannot be purchased with money.

An older sister, born on the same island, still survives her and two younger sisters born in New Haven. The only son of the family died near Cheyenne, Wyoming, nearly twelve years since, and her own mother entered into rest more than thirty years ago. This brief notice would be incomplete if we failed to mention the fact that the sublime faith and trust of the Christian religion made her last hours radiant with the light of heaven itself. It was not merely a blind submission to inevitable fate, but a most cheerful and hearty acquiescence in the will of God and making that will her own.

The yacht Spray was out with a party yesterday. Sailing was delightful, just the proper breeze stirring. The ladies were very enthusiastic over the fun they were having and kept up an incessant waving of handkerchieves.

E. O. HALL & SON, LIMITED,

Ship Chandlers

Hardware Merchants

Receive Merchandise constantly from the United States and Europe. We have just received

Horse Shoes, Wheel Barrows

Blacksmiths' Tools, Waukegan Barbed Wire, Wire Netting, all kinds; Plain Galvanized Fence Wire, Carpenters' Tools of all kinds,

Success Water Filters

THE BEST KIND:

Road Scrapers, Feed Cutters, Hall's Aluminum Case Knives,

LAWN MOWERS,

Hoes and Handles, Picks and Mattocks,

Hall's Plows AND Breakers

These are selling fast and you should send your orders in soon.

FOLDING CLOTHES DRYING RACKS,

These Racks fold up like an umbrella. Every household should have one.

CHARCOAL IRONS,

Ox Yokes and Bows. Mixed Paints, Turpentine, Tar, Pitch, Asphaltum, Plaster of Paris.

Kakaako Salt

Whiting, Rosin.

Headquarters for the Columbia, Rambler and Stearns Bicycles—the best made.

E. O. HALL & SON, LTD HONOLULU.

CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED Blood Mixture

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Pimples, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, its effects are marvellous.

It Cures Old Sores. Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck. Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Legs. Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face. Cures Scrofula Sores. Cures Cancerous Ulcers. Cures Blood and Skin Diseases. Cures Glandular Swellings. Clears the Blood from all impure Matter. From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS From All Parts of the World.

Sold in Bottles 2s. 6d., and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s. each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases. BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, LINCOLN, ENGLAND.

Caution.—Ask for Clarke's Blood Mixture, and beware of worthless imitations or substitutes.

FOR RENT!

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Commodious New Store

WITH CELLAR

—IN THE—

VON HOLT BLOCK,

King Street.

These premises are on the new store soon to be occupied by W. W. Hammond. For particulars apply to the

Manager Hawaiian Gazette

COMPANY, LIMITED,

Von Holt Block.

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Theo. H. Davies & Co., Ltd.

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FIRE, LIFE and MARINE INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Co

Of London for FIRE & LIFE.

Established 1836.

Accumulated Funds, £3,975,000.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN

MARINE INSURANCE CO., Ltd.,

Of Liverpool for MARINE.

Capital - - £1,000,000.

Reduction of Rates.

Immediate Payment of Claims.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., Ltd., Agents.

Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co.

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents.

General Insurance Company for Sea, River and Land Transport of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands the undersigned General Agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the seas at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co. OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance Company OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a General Agency here, and the undersigned, General Agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the seas at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Gnl. Agts

Trans-Atlantic Fire Insurance Company OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and reserve, reichsmarks - 6,000,000
Capital their reinsurance companies - 101,650,000
Total reichsmarks - 107,650,000

North German Fire Insurance Company OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and reserve, reichsmarks - 8,830,000
Capital their reinsurance companies - 35,000,000
Total reichsmarks - 43,830,000

The undersigned, General Agents of the above two companies for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc., also Sugar and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire on the most favorable terms.

H. HACKFELD & CO.

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Life and Fire

Insurance Ag'ts.

AGENTS FOR

New England Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

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INSURANCE COMPANY.

TOTAL ASSETS 31ST DEC., 1894,

£11,671,018 2s. 2d.

1—Authorized Capital, £3,000,000

Subscribed Capital, 2,750,000

Paid-up Capital, 687,500 0 0

3—Fire Funds - 2,410,992 7 3

8—Life and Annuity Funds - 8,572,525 14 11

£11,671,018 2 2

Revenue Fire Branch 1,546,856 18 7

Revenue Life and Annuity Branches - 1,359,821 16 6

£2,906,678 15 4

The accumulated funds of the Fire and Life Departments are free from liability in respect of each other.

ED. HOFFSCHLAEGER & CO.,

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S. T. ALEXANDER H. P. BALDWIN

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NO. 3 CALIFORNIA STREET, SAN FRANCISCO

Island Orders Promptly Filled.

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PHARMACISTS.

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PURE DRUGS,

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At the Lowest Prices.

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KING STREET.

Choicest Meats

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ON SHORT NOTICE

AT THE

Lowest Market Prices

All Meats delivered from this market are thoroughly chilled immediately after killing by means of a Bell-Coleman Patent Dry Air Refrigerator. Meat so treated retains all its juicy properties and is guaranteed to keep longer after delivery than freshly-killed meat.

Beaver Saloon.

H. J. NOLTE, - Prop.

Begs to announce to his friends and the public in general that he has opened the above saloon, where

FIRST-CLASS REFRESHMENTS

Will be served from 3 a. m. till 10 p. m., under the immediate supervision of a competent Chef de Cuisine.

THE FINEST GRADES OF

Tobaccos,

Cigars, Pipes and

Smokers' Sundries

Chosen by a personal selection from first-class manufacturers has been obtained and will be added to from time to time.

One of Brunswick & Balke's

Celebrated Billiard Tables

Connected with the establishment, where lovers of the cue can participate.

W. H. RICE,

Stock Raiser and Dealer

BREEDER OF

FINE HORSES AND CATTLE

From the Thoroughbred

Standard-bred Stallion Nutwood, by

Nutwood Jr.

Norman Stallion Captain Grawl.

Native-Bred Stallion Boswell.

Also a Choice Lot of

BULLS, COWS AND CALVES

From the Celebrated Bulls

Sussex, Hereford, Ayrshire & Durham.

A Lot of

Fine Saddle and Carriage Horses

FOR SALE.

2 Pure-Bred Hereford Bulls For Sale.

Tourists and Excursion Parties desiring Single, Double or Four-in-Hand Teams or Saddle Horses can be accommodated at W. H. Rice's Livery Stables.

All communications to be addressed to

W. H. RICE, Lahue, Kauai.

Typewriting and Copying.

MISS M. F. LEIDERER,

Office—Hawaiian Abstract and Title Co., Corner Fort and Merchant streets.

4211 m

THE SOCIAL SIDE



The Hawaiian Minister and Mrs. Hatch welcomed their friends in Washington, D. C., on February 3d to their attractive legation home and to one of the most delightful of the winter's entertainments. Roses—American beauties and la France—with ferns, asparagus and smilax, decked the rooms. The Minister and Mrs. Hatch received in the drawing room on the second floor.

The hostess was superbly gowned in a brocaded white satin, with magenta and pale green tulle on the waist. Mrs. W. G. Irwin of Honolulu, assisted in receiving, and was gowned in a black satin brocaded in pink roses and trimmed with jet, and with it were worn magnificent diamonds. Mrs. Hastings, wife of the Secretary of the Hawaiian Legation, wore white brocaded satin, with touches of mauve velvet, and Mrs. J. J. Knapp, who wore pale yellow satin and tulle, Miss Skerrett and Miss Anderson were also assistants to the hostess. A bountiful supper was served in the dining room, where the table was decorated with yellow tulips. Among the guests were the Vice-President, Miss Letitia Stevenson, Secretary and Mrs. Olney, Secretary and Mrs. Carlisle, Secretary and Mrs. Lamont, Miss Bryant, Miss Cochran, Attorney General and Mrs. Harmon, Miss Harmon, Secretary Herbert and Miss Herbert, Postmaster General and Miss Wilson, Secretary Morton and Miss Morton, Minister and Mrs. Romero, the Austrian minister and Baroness Hengelmüller, the Chinese minister and Mme. Yang, the Swiss minister and Mme. Pioda, the Spanish minister and Mrs. Dupuy de Lome, the German ambassador and Baroness von Thielmann, the French ambassador and Mrs. Patenotre, the Japanese minister, the Chilean minister, Mr. and Mrs. Dominguez, Mavroyeni Bey, the Venezuelan minister and the Misses Andrade, the Russian minister, Mr. Kotzebue, Baron von Ketteler, Mr. Hesse, Senator, Mrs. and the Misses Quay, Senator, Mrs. and Miss Blanchard, Miss Plain, Mrs. and the Misses Brice, Miss Peck, Senator and Mrs. Burrows, Senator and Mrs. Call, Miss Call, Miss Cockrell, Mrs. and Miss Cameron, Senator and Mrs. Frye, Senator and Mrs. Gorman, Mr. Crosby S. Noyes, Miss Noyes, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Foster, Senator and Mrs. Gray, the Misses Gray, Senator and Mrs. Lodge, Senator and Mrs. McMillan, Senator and Mrs. Martin, Senator and Mrs. Mills, Mrs. Stewart, Miss Stewart, Senator Wetmore, Miss Wetmore, Senator and Mrs. Davis, Mrs. Hubbard, Mrs. and the Misses Scott, Representative and Mrs. Cobb, Miss Cobb, Mr. and Mrs. Bancroft Davis, Colonel and Mrs. Heywood, Representative and Mrs. Hutcheson, Miss Hutcheson, Mrs. Wyville and Miss Wyville, Mrs. Geo. W. Cissel, Mrs. John Roche, Mr. and Mrs. O'Brien Moore, Lieutenant Knapp, Representative and Mrs. Clarke and Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Bassett.

Miss Richards gave a delightful informal musical to a number of friends in her studio, Y. M. C. A. building, Thursday night. Musical selections were given by Miss Richards, Miss McGrew and Miss Fuller. Those present were Dr. and Mrs. McGrew, Mr. and Mrs. Durand, Dr. Williams, W. R. Farrington and Armstrong Smith.

Good things to satisfy the inner man and charity were very closely allied last evening, when the W. C. T. U. gave a New England dinner at Haalea Lawn for those who most willingly paid the small sum required of them at the gate. The lawn and front veranda of the house were prettily decorated for the occasion. A large number of people were present. Young ladies attired in Martha Washington costumes waited gracefully on the tables. The W. C. T. U. and Y. W. C. T. U. realized a handsome sum from the dinner. Mrs. E. W. Jordan was the prime worker in the affair and deserves great credit for the work she accomplished.

The leap-year party at Independence Park pavilion Tuesday night seems to have capped the climax of society events for the week so efficiently that nothing has been going on since. Undoubtedly next week will furnish a number of event-worthy of special mention.

Mrs. Spreckels and Miss Emma Spreckels gave an afternoon tea and reception in San Francisco on February 12th at their home, 2027 Howard street, in celebration of the return of the family from Europe.

The engagement H. A. I-enberg of Honolulu to Miss Virginia Duisenberg of San Francisco, daughter of the late German Consul at San Francisco, is announced.

The question among many of the ladies just now is, "are the men going to give a return party for the delightful leap-year event of Tuesday night?"

Some Waterfront Fights.

There were two fights on the Australia and Pacific Mail wharf during Saturday and Sunday. The first one originated with a big fireman of the Australia. Between 10 and 11 o'clock Saturday night he jumped overboard and swam around in the water for nearly an hour; he then got out on the wharf, put on some clothes, and going on board again, began fighting with a sailor. The two went down on the wharf to finish the fight, but were separated before doing each other any harm. Needless to say, the big fireman was three sheets in the wind.

The second fight took place on Saturday morning. A sailor's messman went aboard in a rather dazed condition and picked a quarrel with a sailor. There was an encounter at once and the messman got a cut over his right eye for his trouble. The other party to the fun got a black eye.

A COMPLETE WRECK

A Story of Peculiar Interest to Women.

How the Life of a York State Woman was Wrecked—Life Lost Its Joy—But the Clouds Passed and Happiness Came Again.

(From the Binghamton, N. Y., Republican.)

We have heard so much talk throughout the country of late concerning Mrs. Martin Gates of Maine, Broome County, N. Y., that yesterday a reporter of the Binghamton Republican interviewed her for publication, and her story which will interest all women, is as follows:

"I was born in Hartford, Connecticut, New York, 42 years ago. I have been married 21 years and am the mother of eight children. About two years ago I was afflicted with troubles incidental to my sex and suffered excruciating pain. The trouble continued to grow worse until last winter I was compelled to take to my bed. I called in a regular physician, but his treatment did not seem to do me much good, and only relieved me for a little time, after which my condition became worse than before. I was confined to my bed for three months and was absolutely unable to attend to my household duties. I could hardly feed myself so weak had I become. I had to be waited upon day and night and was a physical wreck. There was very grave doubt about my ultimate recovery. The best hope the doctor could hold out to me was that I might be able to get around again and attend to my household duties after remaining in bed a few months longer. But instead of getting better I grew steadily worse. One day I happened to read in the paper about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and decided to give them a trial. Immediately after taking them and before I had used a half a box I saw a marked change for the better in my condition. All this time, however, I was confined to my bed. I continued taking the medicine until I had used four boxes and by that time I was able to be about and around again. The improvement has been steady ever since. I am still a little weak, but growing stronger as fast as nature, aided by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will let me. I have great faith in these pills and shall use them hereafter. My husband, who felt real miserable all the Spring, took them and they made a new man of him. I have also used them for my daughter, aged 19 years, who has found them very beneficial for troubles incidental to her sex. So far as I am myself concerned I consider it a wonderful cure."

Mrs. Gates has lived in North Maine for many years, and is highly respected. Any statement she makes is cheerfully acquiesced in by her friends and acquaintances.

An impoverished condition of the blood, or a disordered condition of the nerves, is the fruitful source of most ills that afflict mankind, and to any thus afflicted Dr. Williams' Pink Pills offer a speedy and certain cure. No other remedy has ever met with such great and continued success, which is one of the strongest proofs that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills accomplish all that is claimed for them. They are an unfailing cure for leprosy, motor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, palpitation of the heart, nervous prostration, diseases depending upon impure blood such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, curing all forms of weakness. In men they affect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork, or excesses of any nature.

These pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockton, Canada, and 46 Holborn Viaduct, London, Eng. They are put up in round glass bottles, in a wrapper covering which bears the full trade name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." As there are many imitations of this wonderful remedy, see that the above trade mark is on every package you purchase, and promptly refuse all imitations had substitutes.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by The Hollister Drug Co., Honolulu, wholesale agents, and all dealers in medicine.

The Daily Advertiser 75 cents a month. Delivered by carrier.

BY SEVENTY POINTS.

The Californians Lose the Contest

SOME VERY GOOD SCORES MADE.

Possibility of a Regimental Shoot—The Californians Good Marksmen—Some Previous Records—The Carson Men and Their Previous Records, etc.

The result of the California end of the international shoot reached here yesterday by the Australia and it was very satisfactory to the boys here.

A majority of seventy points is not to be sneezed at by any team, and should there be another match of the same sort Lieut.-Col. Fisher is of the opinion that one hundred points can be added to the total made by the home team.

The local team had the advantage in this shoot by having the entire regiment to draw from while the California team was picked from two companies.

The San Francisco papers published the following concerning the shoot:

"The shoot that brought out the largest attendance was the international match between fifty picked men from Companies C and G of the National Guard and a like number from the eight companies in Hawaii. The Hawaiians shot Saturday at Honolulu, and their scores will arrive by the next mail. The local companies are not all confident of success, as many of their men never shot in a match before, and their scores fell away below the average. Captain E. C. Sutcliffe and Captain J. W. Dumbrell superintended the match, and Consul-General Wilder looked after the interests of the Hawaiians. The scores were as follows:

"Lieutenant O. E. Goodall, 48; J. Barwick, 46; J. Smithson, 45; M. G. Lane, 45; Chris Meyer, 44; J. T. Hicks, 43; Lieutenant S. Rider, 43; A. E. Anderson, 43; J. F. Norton, 42; B. Kelly, 42; W. F. Fenn, 42; Corporal Sutcliffe, 42; F. J. Povey, 42; W. B. Larkins, 42; R. A. Holcomb, 42; A. H. Brod, 41; A. H. Kennedy, 41; P. M. Dier, 41; C. P. Hicks, 41; T. E. Carson, 40; O. Sparrowe, 40; V. J. Anderson, 40; H. A. Bohr, 40; A. R. Vaughan, 39; J. Musgrave, 39; H. Deppen, 39; P. D. Butte, 39. Captain J. W. Dumbrell, 39; E. N. Snook, 39; C. F. Waltham, 38; W. F. Unfried, 38; A. S. Hatfield, 38; R. J. Dowdall, 38; G. W. Stinnie, 38; W. H. I. James, 37; G. J. Pelly, 37; C. L. Iids, 37; D. E. Lawton, 37; J. M. Rose, 37; F. A. Fegaro, 36; J. A. Christy, 36; C. E. Maey, 35; V. R. Bury, 35; W. W. Thompson, 35; E. G. Phelps, 34; C. G. Larson, 34; W. N. Swanson, 34; W. Meisel, 27; J. B. Switzer, 27; V. E. Northrup, 27. Total, 1,939 an average of 34.5 per man.

Score of local team, 2,009.

Through the kindness of Lieutenant-Colonel J. H. Fisher the Advertiser is enabled to publish some of the scores made by companies in previous shoots in California.

December, 1893, Company C, San Francisco, 30 men..... 1226

December, 1893, Company F, Oroville, 30 men..... 1196

December, 1893, First Regiment, Company B, San Francisco, 30 men..... 1234

December, 1893, Company C, Marysville, 30 men..... 1134

April, 1894, Company C, San Francisco, 20 men..... 865

April, 1894, Company B, San Francisco, 20 men..... 824

April, 1894, Company G, San Francisco, 20 men..... 772

April, 1895, Company C, San Francisco, 25 men..... 1067

April, 1895, Company B, San Francisco, 25 men..... 1082

December, 1894, Company B, San Francisco, 50 men..... 1846

December, 1894, Company D, San Rafael, 50 men..... 1841

May, 1895, Company B, San Francisco, 50 men..... 1907

May, 1895, Company C, Marysville, 50 men..... 1982

The Marysville company has scored in practice shoot 2002, and on that, claims the world's record for a company shoot.

The crack shots of Carson City, Nevada, have made a record of 1973 with 50 men.

Arrangements are in order now for a match shoot between the First Regiment N. G. C., and the full regiment here, and in the event of their being completed the Californians will have all of their cracks to draw from.

"The ship Knutworth is on her way from San Francisco to this port to load sugar. It will be remembered she was here last year and took a large cargo of sugar to New York. A young son of Captain Freeth made the voyage to New York on the ship.

H. S. TREGLOAN & SON.

Wholesale and Retail Grocers

411 FORT STREET

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